

## Week 17. Scotland

### 1. How many languages are indigenous to Scotland?

- Gaelic
- Scots
- English with a Scottish accent

### 2. Vowel system. The missing oppositions:

/u/ (no /ʊ/)      *mood – good, pool – pull, Luke – look*  
/ɔ/ (no /ɒ/)      *thought – lot, stalk – stock, dawn – don*  
/a/ (no /ɑ/)      *psalm – Sam, father – gather, aunt – ant*

i	ɪ	e	ɛ	a	ʌ	ɔ	o	u
<i>fleece</i>	<i>kit</i>	<i>face</i>	<i>dress</i>	<i>trap</i>	<i>strut</i>	<i>thought</i>	<i>goat</i>	<i>goose</i>
<i>near</i>		<i>square</i>		<i>start</i>		<i>lot</i>	<i>force</i>	<i>foot</i>
		ʌi		ʌu		ɔi		
		<i>price</i>		<i>mouth</i>		<i>choice</i>		

### 3. Rhotic; often no /ɜː/, no /ə/. NURSE words mostly have /ɛr/ or /ʌr/.

<i>burn</i>	[bʌrn]	–	<i>stern</i>	[stɛrn]
<i>China</i>	[ˈtʃʌɪnʌ]	–	<i>father</i>	[ˈfɑðɪr]

### 4. The **Scottish Vowel Length Rule** (Aitken's Law)

V → [+long] / \_ { [+voi +fric], r, # }

a vowel is:      long before a voiced fricative, /r/, or #  
but otherwise short.

<i>greed</i>	[grɪd]	–	<i>agree#d</i>	[ə'griːd]
<i>brood</i>	[brʊd]	–	<i>brew#ed</i>	[bruːd]
<i>tide</i>	[taɪd]	–	<i>tie#d</i>	[taːed]

### See further

- Wells, *Accents of English*, vol. 2, chapter 5.2–3. CUP, 1982.
- Aitken, A.J., 'Scottish accents and dialects', in Trudgill, P. (ed.), *Language in the British Isles*, Cambridge University Press, 1984;
- Abercrombie, David, 'The accents of Standard English in Scotland', in Aitken, A.J. and McArthur, T., *Languages of Scotland*, Edinburgh: Chambers, 1979.
- Scobbie, J.M., N. Hewlett and A.E. Turk, 'Standard English in Edinburgh and Glasgow: the Scottish Vowel Length Rule revealed'. In Foulkes, P. and Docherty G. (eds.), *Urban Voices*, London: Arnold, 1999.